

2024 GENERAL ELECTION VOTER GUIDE FRANKLIN COUNTY, FLORIDA

Presidential and Vice President

Donald J. Trump/JD Vance

United States Senator

Rick Scott

Representative in Congress District 2

Neal Dunn

State Senator, District 3

Corey Simon

State Representative, District 7

Jason Shoaf

Superintendent of Schools

Steve Lanier

Tax Collector

Amy Braxton Cook

City of Carrabelle Mayor

Danyell Robison (Or No Preference)

Justice of the Supreme Court

- Yes (retain Justice Renatha Fracis)
- Yes (retain Justice Meredith Sasso)

First District Court of Appeal

- Yes (retain Judge Stephanie Ray)
- Yes (retain Judge Bradford L. Thomas)
- Yes (retain Judge M. Kemmerly Thomas)

No. 1 Constitutional Amendment Article IX, Section 4 and Article XII

Yes

No. 2 Constitutional Amendment Article I, Section 28

Yes

No. 3 Constitutional Amendment Article X, Section 29

No

No. 4 Constitutional Amendment Article I, New Section

No

No. 5 Constitutional Amendment Article VII, Section 6 and Article XII

Yes

No. 6 Constitutional Amendment Article VI, Section 7

Yes

Official General Election Ballot November 5, 2024 Franklin County, Florida

Instructions: To vote, fill in the oval () completely next to your choice. Use only the marking device provided or a black or blue pen.

If you make a mistake, ask for a new ballot. Do not cross out or your vote may not count.

.

.

To vote for a write-in candidate, fill in the oval () and print the name clearly on the blank line provided for the write-in candidate.

.

.

+

	President and Vice Presider (Vote for One)	nt	Superintendent of Schools (Vote for One)	No. 1 Constitutional Amendment Article IX, Section 4 and Article XII
8	Donald J. Trump	REP	Steve Lanier REP	Partisan Election of Members of District
	JD Vance		O Jill R. Rudd DEM	School Boards
C	Kamala D. Harris Tim Walz	DEM	Tax Collector (Vote for One)	Proposing amendments to the State Constitution to require members of a district
0	Chase Oliver	LPF	Amy Braxton Cook REP	school board to be elected in a partisan election rather than a nonpartisan election
1	Mike ter Maat		O Teresa Martin NPA	and to specify that the amendment only
0	Claudia De la Cruz Karina Garcia	PSL	City of Carrabelle Mayor (Vote for One)	applies to elections held on or after the November 2026 general election. However, partisan primary elections may occur
	Dandell Torne	CPF	O Sebrina Brown NPA	before the 2026 general election for purposes of nominating political party
-	Randall Terry Stephen Broden	Or,	O Danyell Robison NPA	candidates to that office for placement on
-	Dates Canali	ASP	Justice of the Supreme Court	the 2026 general election ballot.
0	Peter Sonski Lauren Onak	Aor		✓ Yes
-	UII Otalia	GRE	Shall Justice Renatha Francis of the Supreme Court be retained in office?	O No
0	Jill Stein Rudolph Ware	GRE		No. 2 Constitutional Amendment
			yes	Article I, Section 28
0	Write-in		O No	
			Shall Justice Meredith Sasso of the	Right to Fish and Hunt
	United States Senator (Vote for One)		Supreme Court be retained in office? Yes	Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to preserve forever fishing and
0	Rick Scott	REP	O No	hunting, including by the use of traditional methods, as a public right and preferred
0	Debbie Mucarsel-Powell	DEM	First District Court of Appeal	means of responsibly managing and
0	Feena Bonoan	LPF	Shall Judge Stephanie Ray of the First	controlling fish and wildlife. Specifies that the amendment does not limit the authority
0	Tuan TQ Nguyen	NPA	District Court of Appeal be retained in	granted to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission under Section 9
0	Ben Everidge	NPA	office?	of Article IV of the State Constitution.
0			O Yes	Yes
	Write-in	103/2	O No	O No
	Representative in Congress	Define		
	District 2 (Vote for One)		Shall Judge Bradford L. Thomas of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	
5	Neal Dunn	REP		
0	Yen Bailey	DEM		
	State Senator District 3 (Vote for One)		O No Shall Judge M. Kemmerly Thomas of the	
5	Corey Simon	REP	First District Court of Appeal be retained in	
	Daryl Parks	DEM	office?	
	State Representative		8 Yes	
	District 7 (Vote for One)		O No	
7	Jason Shoaf	REP		
)	Kenny Beasley	DEM		
		100		

No. 3 Constitutional Amendment Article X, Section 29

Adult Personal Use of Marijuana

П

.

П

Allows adults 21 years or older to possess, purchase, or use marijuana products and marijuana accessories for non-medical personal consumption by smoking, ingestion, or otherwise; allows Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers, and other state licensed entities, to acquire, cultivate, process, manufacture, sell, and distribute such products and accessories. Applies to Florida law; does not change, or immunize violations of, federal law. Establishes possession limits for personal use. Allows consistent legislation. Defines terms. Provides effective date.

Financial and State Budget Impact Statements

The amendment's financial impact primarily comes from expected sales tax collections. If legal today, sales of non-medical marijuana would be subject to sales tax and would remain so if voters approve this amendment. Based on other states' experiences, expected retail sales of non-medical marijuana would generate at least \$195.6 million annually in state and local sales tax revenues once the retail market is fully operational, although the timing of this occurring is unclear. Under current law, the existing statutory framework for medical marijuana is repealed six months after the effective date of this amendment which affects how this amendment will be implemented. A new regulatory structure for both medical and nonmedical use of marijuana will be needed. Its design cannot be fully known until the legislature acts; however, regulatory costs will probably be offset by regulatory fees. Other potential costs and savings cannot be predicted. THIS PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT IS ESTIMATED TO HAVE A NET POSITIVE IMPACT ON THE STATE BUDGET. THIS IMPACT MAY RESULT IN GENERATING ADDITIONAL REVENUE OR AN INCREASE IN

O Yes

GOVERNMENT SERVICES.

Precinct 5 Carrabelle 00505

8



No. 4 Constitutional Amendment Article I, New Section

Amendment to Limit Government Interference with Abortion

No law shall prohibit, penalize, delay, or restrict abortion before viability or when necessary to protect the patient's health, as determined by the patient's healthcare provider. This amendment does not change the Legislature's constitutional authority to require notification to a parent or guardian before a minor has an abortion.

Financial and State Budget Impact Statements

The proposed amendment would result in significantly more abortions and fewer live births per year in Florida. The increase in abortions could be even greater if the amendment invalidates laws requiring parental consent before minors undergo abortions and those ensuring only licensed physicians perform abortions. There is also uncertainty about whether the amendment will require the state to subsidize abortions with public funds. Litigation to resolve those and other uncertainties will result in additional costs to the state government and state courts that will negatively impact the state budget. An increase in abortions may negatively affect the growth of state and local revenues over time. Because the fiscal impact of increased abortions on state and local revenues and costs cannot be estimated with precision, the total impact of the proposed amendment is indeterminate. THE FINANCIAL IMPACT OF THIS AMENDMENT CANNOT BE **DETERMINED DUE TO AMBIGUITIES** AND UNCERTAINTIES SURROUNDING THE AMENDMENT'S IMPACT.

O Yes



No. 5 Constitutional Amendment Article VII, Section 6 and Article XII

Annual Adjustments to the Value of Certain Homestead Exemptions

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to require an annual adjustment for inflation to the value of current or future homestead exemptions that apply solely to levies other than school district levies and for which every person who has legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another person legally or naturally dependent upon the owner is eligible. This amendment takes effect January 1, 2025.

Yes

O No

Vote Both Sides of Ballot

No. 6 Constitutional Amendment Article VI, Section 7

4

П

Repeal of Public Campaign Financing Requirement

Proposing the repeal of the provision in the State Constitution which requires public financing for campaigns of candidates for elective statewide office who agree to campaign spending limits.

Yes

O No

The School Board of Franklin County, Florida Ad Valorem Millage Election

Shall the Franklin County School District amend the current ad valorem operating millage levy of 1/2 (.50) mill to 1.0 mill annually to recruit, hire, and retain teachers, staff, bus drivers, and other non-administrative school support, increase employee's salaries to be competitive with the market, enhance school security and safety, expand educational programs, increase career and technical (vocational) education, improve athletic programs, and share proportional funds with the Apalachicola Bay Charter School, in order to continue and sustain improvements in the quality of the Franklin County's public school system beginning July 1, 2025, and ending three (3) fiscal years later on June 30, 2028?

O Yes

O No

Typ:01 Seq:0009 Spl:01